SUPPORTING YOUR LOVED ONE

as they start Korlym® (mifepristone) 300 mg Tablets

Living with Cushing syndrome can sometimes be complicated.

This guide will help you and your loved one navigate this complex disease and provide important information about **Korlym**.

UNDERSTANDING CUSHING SYNDROME

As your loved one starts on **Korlym**, it's important to know what Cushing syndrome is and how it affects the body.

Cushing syndrome, also known as hypercortisolism, is a disease in which the body overproduces a hormone called cortisol.

Cortisol is often referred to as the "stress hormone" and helps regulate several body functions, including:

- Blood sugar
- Metabolism

Immune system

- Blood pressure
- Salt and water balance
- Stress

Mood and memory

Excess cortisol is harmful to the body. A person with Cushing syndrome may experience multiple symptoms, such as increased blood sugar, muscle weakness, and irritability.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What Is Korlym® (mifepristone) 300 mg Tablets?

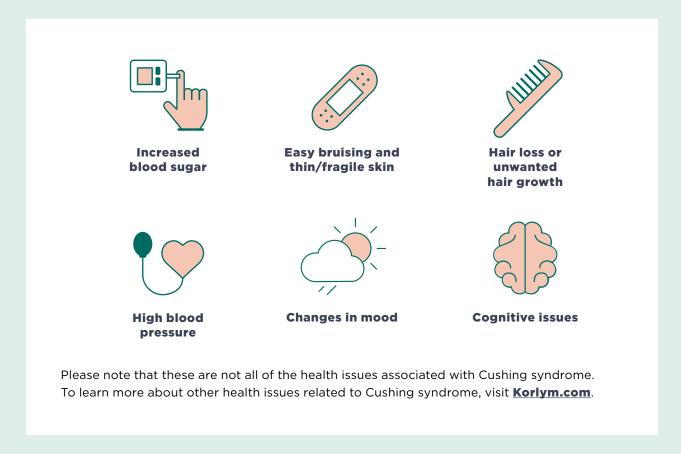
Korlym is a prescription medicine used to treat high blood sugar (hyperglycemia) caused by high cortisol levels in the blood (hypercortisolism) in adults with endogenous Cushing syndrome who have type 2 diabetes mellitus or glucose intolerance and who cannot have surgery or for whom surgery has failed. **Korlym** is not for people who have type 2 diabetes mellitus not caused by Cushing syndrome.

Most Important Information About Korlym

Korlym should never be taken by women who are pregnant or who might become pregnant. Taking Korlym during pregnancy will result in the loss of a pregnancy. A pregnancy test is required before starting Korlym or if treatment is interrupted for more than 14 days. Talk with your doctor about how to prevent pregnancy.



COMMON HEALTH ISSUES IN PEOPLE WITH CUSHING SYNDROME



Keeping an eye out for health issues can help you support your loved one throughout treatment.

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STARTING KORLYM

Korlym is a medicine used to treat high blood sugar caused by endogenous (inside the body) Cushing syndrome. It works to reduce the negative effects of excess cortisol activity in the body.

Knowing how **Korlym** affects the body will help you know what to expect throughout your loved one's treatment journey.



At first, treatment with **Korlym** may come with some challenges. Symptoms of cortisol withdrawal are often experienced because the body has gotten used to high cortisol activity. These symptoms include:

Fatigue

Nausea

Headaches

Joint pain

If your loved one is experiencing any new symptoms, they should contact their doctor.

Tip: Consider asking if you can **join medical appointments** to discuss any new health issues or improvements.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

The most common side effects of **Korlym** include nausea, fatigue, headache, low potassium in the blood, pain in arms and legs (arthralgia), vomiting, swelling of arms and legs (peripheral edema), high blood pressure, dizziness, decreased appetite, and thickening of the lining of the uterus (endometrial hypertrophy).



How to take Korlym

Do

- Once a day
- ✓ Whole with a meal

Don't

X Split, chew, or crush

Tip: Try setting a daily alarm if your loved one might need a reminder to take their pill.

How can Korlym help?

While the body adjusts to taking **Korlym**, some improvements may be noticed quickly, while others may take more time.

In the Korlym clinical trial, most people taking Korlym saw:



Improved blood sugars



Less need for antidiabetic medicine (like insulin)



Weight loss*



Improved mood and focus*

*It is uncertain whether these changes were the result of the effects of **Korlym**. Participants in the clinical trial reported various symptoms and results throughout the study.



Keeping track of your loved one's improvements is a good way to know how Korlym is working. Use the Patient Progress Tracker located on page 35 of the **Korlym** Patient Binder to track any symptoms or improvements. It can also be downloaded at **Korlym.com**.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

Tell your doctor and pharmacist about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. **Korlym** and certain other medicines, may affect each other or may cause side effects.



ONGOING MONITORING

Throughout their treatment with **Korlym**, it's important to routinely check:



Potassium levels



Blood sugar



Blood pressure



Potassium levels

Your loved one will need to have blood work done to check their potassium levels. This is important because some people may experience lower than normal potassium levels while on **Korlym**.

Potassium levels should be checked:

Before starting treatment

1-2 weeks after their first dose

1-2 weeks after a dose increase

Periodically throughout treatment

Symptoms of low potassium levels include:

- Muscle weakness, aches, or cramps
- Abnormal or irregular heartbeats (palpitations)



It's important to inform all of your loved one's doctors that they are taking Korlym. Find the "Talking About Korlym With Your Healthcare Providers" brochure in the Korlym Patient Binder or at Korlym.com.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What Are the Possible Side Effects of Korlym?

Patients taking **Korlym** should be monitored for side effects. Potential serious side effects include signs of adrenal insufficiency, low potassium levels, changes to the lining of the uterus, vaginal bleeding, and problems with the electrical system of the heart.





Blood sugar

Changes in blood sugar are possible while taking **Korlym**. If blood sugar levels are not already monitored at home, ask their doctor if they should begin monitoring. **Korlym** can help reduce high blood sugar caused by excess cortisol, so if medications for diabetes are taken, these might need to be reduced or adjusted.



Blood pressure

Changes in blood pressure are possible while taking **Korlym**. If blood pressure levels are not already monitored at home, ask their doctor if they should begin monitoring.

Keep an eye out for symptoms of low blood sugar, which can include feeling:

- Tired
- Irritable
- Shaky
- Very hungry
- Anxious

Tell their doctor if they:

- Have low blood sugar levels
- Experience changes in blood pressure, heartbeat, skin color, sweat, or vision

Keep an eye out for symptoms indicating a change in blood pressure. These can include feeling:

DizzyFaintNauseous

Tell their doctor if they:

- Had changes in blood pressure
- Have fainted
- Had changes to their vision
- Struggle to concentrate

Contact a healthcare provider if any of these symptoms are being experienced.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

These are not all of the possible side effects of **Korlym**. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist. For medical advice about side effects, call your doctor.



TIPS FOR **SUPPORTING YOUR LOVED ONE**



Emotionally

- · Lend a sympathetic ear
- Be patient while they are adjusting to Korlym and encourage them to work with their doctor during their treatment



With everyday needs

- Take on household duties when they have low energy
- Help keep track of signs, symptoms, and improvements
 - You can use the Progress Tracker in the Korlym Patient Binder located on page 35, or you can download tracking pages at Korlym.com



During doctor appointments

- Offer to attend their medical appointments. Helping recall discussions and taking notes during their appointments can help foster productive sessions with their doctors
- Remind them to inform all of their doctors that they are on Korlym.
 Use the "Talking About Korlym With Your Healthcare Providers" brochure to help with this conversation. This brochure can be found in the Korlym Patient Binder or at Korlym.com
- Remind them to bring their Progress Tracker to their appointments

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REMEMBER TO **PRACTICE SELF CARE**

Speak up

Talking with other caretakers, even outside of the Cushing community, can provide needed support and help you find new ways to cope.

Take time for yourself

Don't forget to take care of your own health and wellness needs. Do things that bring you joy. And always keep up with your own doctor visits.

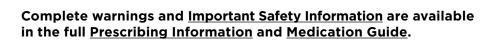
Watch out for stress

If you are feeling overwhelmed, take a break. Ask a friend to help out with whatever tasks you may need a hand with.



Being a caretaker can cause stress that may negatively impact your own health. This may result in depression, irritability, or changes in eating or sleeping habits. Do not neglect your health; do your best to stay active and engaged in things that you enjoy.

Personalized support is available to you and your loved one through Corcept Cares. Call 1-855-295-9969 to learn more.





Corcept Cares is here for you

<u>Program</u> with a team dedicated to supporting you and your loved one.



INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

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Tell your doctor and pharmacist about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. **Korlym** and certain other medicines, may affect each other or may cause side effects.

Do not take **Korlym** if:

- you are taking certain medications for high cholesterol, such as simvastatin (e.g., Zocor®) or lovastatin (e.g., Mevacor®), as **Korlym** may cause a dangerous increase in the level of these medications in the blood
- · you take corticosteroid medications like prednisone to treat a serious medical condition
- you have experienced unexplained vaginal bleeding, changes in the cells lining your uterus (endometrial hyperplasia), or cancer of the lining of your uterus (endometrial cancer)

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Before taking Korlym, talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed.

